CHAPTER XXVII. REPATRIATION.

§ 1. General.

An outline of the activities leading up to the formation of the Commonwealth Repatriation Commission was given in Official Year Book No. 15, p. 931. Some account was given also in the Official Year Book referred to, and in subsequent issues, of the policy and general activities of the Department, while detailed information was incorporated in regard to such matters as sustenance rates and pensions to soldiers and dependants. (See Official Year Book No. 17, pp. 598-601.) In 1943 the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act was amended by the incorporation of the recommendations of the Parliamentary Committee appointed to inquire into pensions and repatriation benefits. A general increase was made of approximately 20 per cent. in the rates of war pensions and increases were also made in other repatriation benefits.

The main activities of the Repatriation Commission at 30th June, 1947 were confined to the grant, review and assessment of war and service pensions, the provision of medical treatment, payment of re-employment allowances, vocational training of the more seriously disabled members, the renewal and repair of artificial replacements and surgical appliances, the grant and review of sustenance and living allowances, and the administration of the Soldiers' Children Education Scheme.

§ 2. War Pensions.

- 1. General.—Provision for the payment of war pensions to soldiers and their dependants was made by the Commonwealth Parliament in the War Pensions Act 1914, which came into operation on 21st December, 1914. This Act was repealed in 1920 by the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act. Particulars regarding pensions payable under both these Acts as amended are given on page 210 of the Official Year Book No. 34. Owing to limitations of space only some of the main features relating to war pensions under the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act 1920–1947 are shown in the following paragraphs:—
- (i) Eligibility for Pension. There has been a considerable widening of the provision in this respect, to the benefit, mainly, of members of the Citizen Military Forces who have not served outside Australia. These provisions are summarized as follows:—
 - (a) A member of the Forces who served (1) outside Australia, (2) in the Territories of Australia, such as Papua and New Guinea, or (3) within Australia in circumstances which can be regarded as actual combat against the enemy, is covered for war pension purposes in respect of incapacity or death which may result from any occurrence happening during the whole period of service.
 - (b) In other cases where a member served only in Australia, incapacity or death to be pensionable must have been attributable to service.
 - (c) There is a third ground applicable to all in (a) and (b) who have had at least six month's camp service. This provides that, where a condition preexisted enlistment, a pension may accrue if it is considered that such condition was aggravated by service.
- (ii) Ordinary Rates. Where the daily rate of service pay was not in excess of 19s., the ordinary rate of pension for total incapacity is £5 per fortnight. Where the daily service pay exceeds 19s., the ordinary rate of pension for total incapacity increases to a maximum rate of £6 16s. per fortnight according to the rate of pay. The wife of a totally incapacitated member of the Forces receives £2 4s., and for each child under 16 years of age 18s. per fortnight.
- (iii) Supplementation of Pension. Where a member in receipt of a pension at the maximum rate is, because of his war disability, temporarily (for at least three months) precluded from earning, an additional pension, not exceeding £2 8s. per fortnight in the case of a married member and 3os. in the case of a single member, may be granted.

- (iv) Women's Nursing and Auxiliary Services. Members of Women's Services are now entitled to pensions and other benefits as prescribed in the Act. Pension scales are those applicable to male members of the Forces in receipt of similar rates of pay.
- (v) Tuberculosis Cases. In the case of a member of the Forces who served in a theatre of war, and, at any time after discharge became or becomes incapacitated, or died or dies, from pulmonary tuberculosis, war pension is payable, and medical treatment is provided on application as if the incapacity or death resulted from an occurrence on service. (See also § 3. Service Pensions.)
- (vi) Special Rates. Those who have been totally blinded as the result of war service and those who are permanently totally incapacitated receive, as from 10th July, 1947, special pensions of £10 2s. per fortnight. In addition, an attendant's allowance of £2 8s. per fortnight is payable to the war-blinded and to certain others who are deemed to be in need of an attendant. The wife and any children receive the same rates as shown in para. (ii).
- (vii) Specific Disabilities. In cases where the disability is amputation of a limb or total loss of vision in one eye, amounts ranging from 9s. to £5 2s. per fortnight are payable as from 10th July, 1947, in addition to the statutory rate of pension and, in certain double amputation cases, allowances are payable for an attendant.
- (viii) Time Limit for Wives. The time limit within which women must marry in order to be eligible as wives for pension in respect of the 1939-45 War has been extended from seven years to fifteen years from the date of discharge of the member. The children of any such marriage, whenever born, are also eligible. For the 1914-18 War the time limit for wives, i.e., 30th June, 1938, remains, but in certain cases where a member of the Forces has married since that date an allowance not exceeding £2 4s. per fortnight may be granted to him in respect of his wife, provided, by reason of his war disability, she performs duties essential to his welfare.
- (ix) Rates of Pensions in respect of Death. (a) Widows. Where a member, whose daily rate of service pay was not in excess of 27s. 6d., dies as a result of war service, the rate of pension payable to his widow as from 10th July, 1947 is £5 10s. per fortnight. Where the service pay exceeds 27s. 6d., the rate of pension is higher, ranging from £5 19s. to £7 6s. per fortnight.
- (b) Children of Member. The first child (under sixteen years) receives a pension of 35s. and each subsequent child 25s. per fortnight. From 2nd October, 1947 a domestic allowance of 15s. per fortnight is paid in the ease of a widow and child, or widow and 2 children, to bring the incomes of such families into better proportion with those of widows and 3 or more children. In the case of children both of whose parents are dead, the rates payable are—each child up to 14 years of age, 35s. and each child over 14 years and up to 16 years of age, 40s. per fortnight. An additional amount of 12s. may be paid to double orphans, but certain conditions apply, including a means test.
- (x) Widowed Mother on Death of Member. A pension varying from £2 10s. to £6 16s. per fortnight, according to the rate of pay of the member, may be granted to a widowed mother, provided widowhood occurred either prior to or within three years after the death of the member.
- 2. Appeal Tribunals.—The principal Act was amended as from 1st June, 1929 to create tribunals to hear appeals in regard to war pensions. The War Pensions Entitlement Appeal Tribunal is empowered to hear and decide any appeal by or on behalf of ex-members of the Forces or their dependants against a decision of the Repatriation Commission that an inacapacity or the death of an ex-member did not arise out of war service. Assessment Appeal Tribunals were created to hear and decide any appeal against a current assessment or a "Nil" assessment of war pension made by the Repatriation Commission in respect of an incapacity of an ex-member of the Forces which had been accepted as arising out of war service. Provision was made by subsequent legislation to enable the Tribunals to hear appeals by certain members for service pensions.

3. Summary of War Pensions, 1946-47.—At 30th June, 1947 the number of war pensions for the 1914-18 War was 161,959 and for the 1939-45 War 232,678, and the amount paid £8,309,448 and £6,746,192 respectively. The outstanding features for 1946-47 for each war were as follows:—

WAR PENSIONS: SUMMARY, AUSTRALIA, 1946-47.

	Particu	lars.			1914–18 War.	1939-45 War.	Both Wars.
New claims granted					811	51,019	51,830
Restorations					294	_ 38o	674
Claims rejected (gros	s)			'	572	31,266	31,838
Pensions reviewed					13,157	51,258	64,415
Pensions cancelled or	discor	$_{ m itinued}$		• •	5,619	6,921	12,540
Deaths of pensioners				•• ;	3,284	892	4,176
Number of pensions:	in force	e at 30th	June, 19.	47	161,959 '	232,678	394,637
Annual pension liabil	lity at	30th June	9, 1947	£	8,163,025	6,841,567	15,004,592
Amount paid in pens	ions du	ring the	year 1946	-47 £ ∣	8,309,448	6,746,192	15,055,640

4. Classes of War Pensions, 1946-47.—At 30th June, 1947 special rate pensions of £9 12s. per fortnight (increased to £10 2s. as from 10th July, 1947) were being paid to the following classes of members of the Forces:—

WAR PENSIONS: MEMBERS ON SPECIAL RATES, 30th JUNE, 1947.

Class.	1914–18 War.	1939-45 War.	Both Wars.
Blinded members	161	117	278
Tubercular members	1,092	1,393	2,485
Totally and permanently incapacitated members	2,763	522	3,285

The following is an analysis of the total number of new claims granted during 1946-47:—

WAR PENSIONS: NEW CLAIMS GRANTED, 1946-47.

	1914–18 War.	1939–45 War.	Both Wars.				
Members Wives of members	 (or hush	ands of r	nembers)	•	232	17,113	17,345
Children					227	19,486	19,713
Other dependants					122	1,680	1,802
Total	••				811	51,019	51,830

In the following table the number receiving pensions at 30th June, 1947 is shown for each war for each class of pensioner:—

WAR PENSIONS IN FORCE, 30th JUNE, 1947.

		Number of Pensioners.					
	Clas	3S.			1914-18 War.	1939–45 War.	Both Wars.
Orphan children					1,430	11,662	13,092
War widows					11,944	8,890	20,834
Members					68,375	83,995	152,370
Children					17,795	67,457	85,252
Wives (or husbands)					54,891	54,249	109,140
Parents					7,185	6,187	13,372
Brothers and sisters				`	132	174	306
Others				• •	207	64	271
Total			:.		161,959	232,678	394,637

5. Number of War Pensioners and Expenditure, 1946-47.—The following table shows the number of pensioners for each war at 30th June, 1947, and the places where payments were made during 1946-47:—

WAR PENSIONS: NUMBER OF PENSIONERS AND EXPENDITURE, 1946-47.

]	Number of Wa	r Pensioners.		
Where Paid.		Incapaci- tated Members of the Forces.	Dependants of Deceased Members.	Dependants of Incapaci- tated Members.	Total.	Expenditure
		1914	-18 WAR.			·
New South Wales Victoria		22,983 22,749 7,684 4,239 6,043 3,034	6,707 5,917 1,801 1,602 1,668 770	24,338 24,530 8,372 4,495 6,579 3,720	54,028 53,196 17,857 10,336 14,290 7,524	£ 3,123,808 2,449,779 865,503 582,845 606,921 467,293
Total, Australia		66,732	18,465	72,034	157,231	8,096,149
United Kingdom Union of South Africa New Zealand Other Overseas		1,361	1,187	1,564	4,112 616	190,261
Total		68,375	19,759	73,825	161,959	8,309,448
		1939	–45 War.			
New South Wales Victoria Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania		36,165 16,962 9,814 8,496 9,618 2,708	10,148 7,250 3,086 2,163 2,645 818	51,418 23,571 14,244 12,580 15,574 4,519	97,731 47,783 27,144 23,239 27,837 8,045	£ 2,539,721 1,631,545 750,909 660,221 821,032 258,923
Total, Australia	••	83,763	26,110	121,906	231,779	6,662,351
United Kingdom Union of South Africa New Zealand Other Overseas		127	317	184	628 271	79,109 4,732
Total		83,995	26,478	122,205	232,678	6,746,192

6. Summary of War Pensions, 1930-31, and 1938-39 to 1946-47.—The following table shows, for each war, the numbers of pensions granted, claims rejected, pensions in force, and the amount paid in pensions in each of the years ended 30th June, 1941 to 1947, and the total war pensions for each of the years ended 30th June, 1931 and 1939 to 1947:—

WAR PENSIONS: SUMMARY, AUSTRALIA.

					War Pensions in Force.						
Year ended 30th June		Pensions Granted.	Claims Rejected.	Incapaci- tated Members of the Forces.	Dependants of Deceased Members.	Dependants of Incapacitated Members.	Total.	Amount paid in Pensions.			
				1914–18	WAR.						
								£			
1941		1,322	2,419	75,450	25,146	123,393	223,989	7,469,759			
1942		785	1,720	74,307	23,847	112,902	211,056	7,294,587			
1943		1,419	1,056	73,387	22,988	103,801	200,176	7,707,612			
1944		1,201	1,111	72,232	22,114	95,108	189,454	8,618,138			
1945		681	954	70,980	21,175	87,048	179,203				
1946		650	552	69,640	20,381	79,964	169,985	8,354,800			
1947	• •	811	572	68,375	19,759	73,825	161,959	8,309,448			
				1939-4	5 WAR.	·		,			
								£			
1941		1,529	2,774	317	791	394	1,502	18,722			
1942		8,122	7,728	2,334	3,832	3,117	9,283	207,324			
1943		18,352	16,281	7,853	8,345	10,479	26,677	659,384			
1944		30,348	34,505	18,126	13,043	23,839	55,008	1,730,471			
1945		50,649	41,619	35,766	16,650	49,460	101,876	2,763,796			
1946		92,986	66.766	68,097	25,479	95,829	180,405	4,903,400			
947		51,019	31,266	83,995	26,478	122,205	232,678	6,746,192			
			•	Вотн	Wars.			•			
	i							£			
931		11,555	920	75,316	35,617	172,389	283,322	7,996,180			
939		$\epsilon_{,794}$	7,541	77,151	27,571	144,571	249,293	7.819,289			
940		2,469	4,846	76,462	26,388	134,027	236,877	7.682,246			
941		2,851	5,193	75,767	25,937	123,787	225,491	7,488,531			
1942	!	8,907	9,448	76,641	27,679	116,019	220,339	7,501,911			
1943	,	19,771	17,337	81,240	31,333	114,280	226,853	8,366,996			
1944	'	31,555	35,616	90,358	35,157	118,947	244,462	10,348,609			
945	!	51,330	42,573	106,746	37,825	136,508	281,079	11,397,385			
1946	- · · i	03,636	67,318	137.737	45,860	175,793	359,390	13,258,217			
947		51,830	31,838	152,370	46,237	196,030	394.637	15,055,640			

§ 3. Service Pensions.

1. General.—The payment of service pensions was provided for in the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act 1935, and the scheme has operated since 1st January, 1936.

Originally fixed on a lower scale, the rate of service pension for a member of the Forces now conforms to the rate of the age or invalid pension which from 10th July, 1947 was £3 15s. per fortnight. The maximum rate for the wife of a member is 44s. per fortnight, whilst 10s. per fortnight is payable for the eldest child under 16 years of age and 5s. per fortnight for each of the younger children up to three in number. The actual rate payable in any case is determined after taking into consideration all other income received and property (apart from the home and certain other exempted items) owned by the pensioner, and no service pension can be paid where such other income and/or property exceeds certain specified limits. From July, 1947 the "allowed income" is £149 10s. per annum for a single man and £299 per annum in the case of a member and eligible wife. If a member has property exceeding in value £650 (£1,300 for a member and eligible wife) that alone precludes payment of a pension. Pension is assessed according to the amount of income; if the income from all sources is less than the amount

shown above, service pension is assessed at such rate as will, with that other income, bring the total income of the pensioner (including service pension) up to the "allowed income", provided that the pension cannot exceed the maximum rate specified for the particular class of case. If assessable property is held, then a deduction is made from the pension assessed according to income only, the deductions being made at so much for each complete £10 of property in excess of £50 (or £100 in the case of member and eligible wife). The deductions are as follows:—for each £10 from £50 to £400, 9d. per fortnight; for each £10 of the portion from £400 to £650, 1s. 6d. per fortnight.

Female members of the forces were made eligible in 1936 for consideration of service pensions if they embarked for service abroad; previously they must have served in a theatre of war. In the same year an institutional rate of service pension not exceeding 12s. per fortnight was made available. This pension rate from 10th July, 1947 was 26s. per fortnight, and benefits, particularly, inmates of mental asylums, who were previously excluded from the scheme.

Eligibility for service pensions may be established on the following grounds :-

- (a) Sixty years of age or more, provided the member served in a theatre of war, but eligibility on this ground applies only to the member and not to his wife or children. In the case of a female member of the forces, the qualifying age is 55 years, and service abroad, not necessarily in a theatre of war, is sufficient.
- (b) Permanently unemployable, provided the member served in a theatre of war (or, in the case of a female member, served abroad). Under this class pensions may be paid to the member, his wife and children—up to four in number.
- (c) Pulmonary tuberculosis, whether the member served in a theatre of war or not. Under this class, also, pensions are payable to the wife and children up to four in number.

Only those members who qualify under Class (c) are entitled to receive both service and invalid pensions at the same time.

The eligibility of wives and children for service pension is as follows:-

Claims amouted during us

1914-18 War: wife married, or child born, before 2nd October, 1931.

1939-45 War: wife married within 15 years after discharge of member; any child born of such a marriage.

During the year 1941-42 the scheme was extended to veterans of the South African War 1899-1902, and by amending legislation in 1943 was further extended to members of the Forces of the 1939-45 War.

2. Operations, 1946-47.—The following are the important details of the service pension scheme during 1946-47:—

Claims granted duri	ng year–	-				
Members of the	Forces					2,030
Wives						563
Children	• •	• •	••		• •	94
Total	:.					2,687
Claims rejected duri	ng year-	_				
Members of the	Forces					643
Wives				• •	٠.	290
Children		• •	• •	• •	٠,	191
Total					٠.	1,124
Service pensions car	rcelled or	r discon	tinued d	uring year	٠.	1,103
Deaths of pensioner	s during	year			٠.	677
Pensions in force at					٠.	14,475
Annual pension liab	ility on	30th Jui	ne, 1947		٠.	£997,184
Amount paid in per	isions du	ring the	year 19	46-47	٠.	£904,120

3. Number of Service Pensioners and Expenditure, 1937-38 to 1946-47.—The following table shows the number of service pensions in force and the expenditure for the ten years 1938 to 1947:—

SERVICE PEN	ISIONS:	SUMMARY.	AUSTRALIA.
-------------	---------	----------	------------

		•	Num	Number of Service Pensions in Force—						
Year ended 30th June—		Old-age-	Permanently Unemployable.		Sufferin Pulmonary T			Amount Paid in		
		Members of Forces.	Members of Forces.	Depen- dants.	Members of Forces,	Dependants.	Total.	Pension. (a)		
								£		
1938		2,805	2,712	3,918	544	872	10,851	329,871		
1939		3,397	3,393	4,667	619	1,032	13,108	407,127		
1940		3,858	3,706	4,814	623	999	14,000	472,263		
1941		4,008	3,705	4,734	655	979 !	14,081	511,103		
1942	• •	4 , 294	3,772	4,591	650	939	14,246	579,656		
1943		4,270	3,695	4,221	452	646	13,284	660,109		
1944		4,235	3,628	4,025	290	406	12,584	652,534		
1945	• •	4,437	3,702	3,807	258	362	12,566	648,996		
1946		4,971	3,896	3,633	244	345	13,089	804,880		
1947		5,894	4,312	3,657	254	358	14,475	904,120		

⁽a) Includes amounts in respect of 1939-45 War as follows:—1942-43, £2,314; 1943-44, £6,403; 1944-45, £7,528; 1945-46, £11,372; and 1946-47, £15,786.

§ 4. Medical Treatment of Returned Soldiers Suffering from War Service Disabilities.

At 30th June, 1947 there were 5,933 in-patients, including a number whose care was undertaken by the Repatriation Commission on behalf of other countries or Commonwealth Departments. There were 278,057 out-patient attendances for treatment during the year, excluding treatments by the 1,884 local medical officers resident in metropolitan and country areas and New Guinea. The expenditure to 30th June, 1947 was £17,109,530.

§ 5. General Benefits and Miscellaneous.

1. Other Departmental Activities.—(i) General. Since the outbreak of the 1939-45 War, the ordinary activities of the Department in the way of general benefits for the welfare of members and dependants have continued without interruption. They were mainly education and training of children under the Soldiers' Children Education Scheme, medical benefits for widows and children of deceased members and for widowed mothers of deceased unmarried members, funeral expenses for certain classes of members and dependants, and allowances to certain classes of dependants in lieu of pension.

By amending legislation passed during the 1939-45 War, these benefits were extended for members engaged in that war, and new benefits designed for the re-establishment of members after discharge from the Forces were made available. The re-establishment benefits administered by the Repatriation Commission are:—payments of re-employment allowance while awaiting employment; provision of tools of trade and equipment where they are necessary to the member's employment; transportation expenses to meet the

cost of fares and removal of household belongings, where a member, or member and family, take up employment, a business, or settle on the land; supplementation of wages of apprentices whose apprenticeships were interrupted by war service; re-establishment loans to enable members and widows to establish themselves in businesses, practices or other occupations, including (until the Commonwealth Director of War Service Land Settlement began operations early in 1946) agricultural occupations; gifts up to £75 for furniture to married members who are blinded or totally and permanently incapacitated, also to widows with children; free passages to Australia for wives, widows and children of members who married abroad (and passages outward from Australia in certain cases of members and dependants).

In the Commonwealth Reconstruction Training Scheme, the Commission's part is the re-establishment of the more seriously disabled where ordinary training is not sufficient, and special means have to be found to overcome each problem. Prior to the inauguration (in 1945) of the full scheme, however, the Commission conducted a tentative scheme to train members who were unable, through war disablement, to return to their pre-war occupations. Up to the time the larger scheme took over those still in training, the Commission had dealt with some 430 cases.

(ii) Review of General Benefits. The following paragraph gives particulars (number of cases and expenditure) of the more important general benefits over the period from 8th April. 1918 to 30th June, 1947.

(a) Employment-

1914-18 War: Number of applications, 251,200; Expenditure—sustenance while awaiting employment, £1,768,000; tools of trade and fares, etc. (gift), £554,000; tools of trade (loan), £21,800.

1939-45 War: The placing of members in employment was carried out by the Commission for only a short period prior to the inauguration of the Department of Labour and National Service, but the Commission has the responsibility of payment of re-employment allowance, provision of tools of trade and payment of fares and removal expenses. Number of cases and expenditure to 30th June, 1947 are as follows:—Re-employment allowances—64,755, £504,236; tools of trade (gift)—161,949, £1,179,391; (loan)—6,630, £107,059; fares and removal expenses, —9.597, £137,333.

(b) Vocational Training-

1914-18 War: Number of members completed training in full-time courses, 27,696; expenditure, £4,849,600.

1939-45 War: Members completing apprenticeships,—11,686, £1,547,095.

(c) Business Loans-

1914-18 War: 6,130, £421,800.

1939-45 War: 14,161, £2,749,565. Allowances pending productivity of business—720, £43,874. Fares and removal expenses to member proceeding to a business, £414.

(d) Furniture Grants-

1914-18 War: Expenditure—gift (to members blinded or totally and permanently incapacitated and to widows), £75,190; loan (to other classes of members), £1,031,570; total number of cases, 35,400.

1939-45 War: Gift (no loan cases)—widows, 3,754, £239,618; members, 58, £2,811.

(e) Free Passages-

1914-18 War: £509,120

1939-45 War: To Australia-4,393, £251,997; from Australia-51, £4,490.

(f) Soldiers' Children Education Scheme-

Main Scheme: Full-time training as from 13 years of age.

Particulars.	1914-18 War.	1939–45 War.	
Applications	 	29,320	3,726
Approved	 	27,676	3,626
Completed training	 	21,439	['] 896
Withdrawn during training	 	3,888	153
Awaiting next stage of training	 	63	58
In training	 	2,286	2,519
Expenditure	 £	2,729,937	131,835

Minor benefits prior to entrance to main scheme: 1914-18 War, £37,000; 1939-45 War, £3,851.

- (iii) Total Expenditure on General Benefits. The total expenditure on general benefits, apart from war and service pensions, from 8th April, 1918 to 30th June, 1947, was as follows:—1914-18 War, £27,676,151 (including loan, £1,676,014); 1939-45 War, £10,903,566 (including loan, £2,857,344). Of the grand total of £38,579,717, the largest amounts were absorbed by medical treatment with £17,000,000, vocational training with £6,500,000, and expenses of providing employment, £5,000,000.
- 2. Expenditure of Repatriation Commission, 1946-47.—The expenditure of the Commission for the year ended 30th June, 1947 was £25,388,465, distributed as follows:—

Repatriation benefits— Loans to members Grants to members an	 d general	 Lexper	 nditure (iı			£ 1,921,234
tenance of training	schools, 1	nedical	institutio	ns, etc.)		J, 1755
Assistance to members in Allowances to dependance					 under	16,364
the Act						386
Total						7,818,937
Soldiers' Children Education	Scheme					130,872
War and Service Pensions						16,064,563
Administrative costs— Salaries					£	
Contingencies		••	• • •		38,745 35,348	
				,		1,374,093
Grand total				••		25,388,465

^{&#}x27;3. Losses on Soldier Settlement, 1914-18 War.—Reference to losses incurred in connexion with settlement of returned soldiers and sailors of the 1914-18 War will be found in Chapter IV., "Land Tenure and Settlement."